The zeta function of $M_4 \times \mathbb{Z}$ counting ideals

1 Presentation

 $M_4 \times \mathbb{Z}$ has presentation

 $\langle z, x_1, x_2, a, x_3, x_4 \mid [z, x_1] = x_2, [z, x_2] = x_3, [z, x_3] = x_4 \rangle$.

 $M_4 \times \mathbb{Z}$ has nilpotency class 4.

2 The local zeta function

The local zeta function was first calculated by Luke Woodward. It is

$$\begin{aligned} \zeta_{M_4 \times \mathbb{Z}, p}^{\triangleleft}(s) &= \zeta_p(s)\zeta_p(s-1)\zeta_p(s-2)\zeta_p(3s-3)\zeta_p(5s-3)\zeta_p(7s-5)\zeta_p(8s-7) \\ &\times \zeta_p(9s-8)\zeta_p(11s-8)\zeta_p(12s-9)\zeta_p(6s-4)^{-1}W(p, p^{-s}) \end{aligned}$$

where W(X, Y) is

$$\begin{split} &1+X^3Y^4-X^3Y^5+X^4Y^5-X^3Y^6+2X^4Y^6-X^4Y^7-X^7Y^9+X^8Y^{10}\\ &-2X^7Y^{11}-X^9Y^{13}-X^{11}Y^{13}+X^{10}Y^{14}-X^{11}Y^{14}-X^{11}Y^{15}-X^{12}Y^{15}\\ &+X^{12}Y^{16}-X^{12}Y^{17}-X^{13}Y^{17}+2X^{12}Y^{18}-X^{13}Y^{18}+X^{14}Y^{19}-2X^{15}Y^{19}\\ &+X^{14}Y^{20}+X^{15}Y^{20}-X^{15}Y^{21}+X^{15}Y^{22}+X^{16}Y^{22}+X^{16}Y^{23}-X^{17}Y^{23}\\ &+X^{16}Y^{24}+X^{18}Y^{24}+2X^{20}Y^{26}-X^{19}Y^{27}+X^{20}Y^{28}+X^{23}Y^{30}-2X^{23}Y^{31}\\ &+X^{24}Y^{31}-X^{23}Y^{32}+X^{24}Y^{32}-X^{24}Y^{33}-X^{27}Y^{37}. \end{split}$$

 $\zeta^\lhd_{M_4\times\mathbb{Z}}(s)$ is uniform.

3 Functional equation

The local zeta function satisfies the functional equation

$$\zeta_{M_4 \times \mathbb{Z}, p}^{\triangleleft}(s) \Big|_{p \to p^{-1}} = p^{15 - 15s} \zeta_{M_4 \times \mathbb{Z}, p}^{\triangleleft}(s).$$

4 Abscissa of convergence and order of pole

The abscissa of convergence of $\zeta_{M_4 \times \mathbb{Z}}^{\triangleleft}(s)$ is 3, with a simple pole at s = 3.

5 Ghost zeta function

The ghost zeta function is the product over all primes of

$$\begin{aligned} \zeta_p(s)\zeta_p(s-1)\zeta_p(s-2)\zeta_p(3s-3)\zeta_p(5s-3)\zeta_p(7s-5)\zeta_p(8s-7)\zeta_p(9s-8) \\ \times \zeta_p(11s-8)\zeta_p(12s-9)W_1(p,p^{-s})W_2(p,p^{-s})W_3(p,p^{-s})W_4(p,p^{-s}) \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{split} W_1(X,Y) &= 1 - X^{11}Y^{13}, \\ W_2(X,Y) &= -1 + X^{13}Y^{18}, \\ W_3(X,Y) &= 1 - X^4Y^6, \\ W_4(X,Y) &= -1 + X^3Y^6. \end{split}$$

The ghost is friendly.

6 Natural boundary

 $\zeta^{\lhd}_{M_4\times\mathbb{Z}}(s)$ has a natural boundary at $\Re(s)=11/13,$ and is of type III.