The zeta function of p3 counting normal subgroups

1 Presentation

p3 has presentation

$$\langle x, y, r \mid [x, y], r^3, x^r = x^{-1}y, y^r = x^{-1} \rangle$$
.

2 The zeta function itself

The zeta function was calculated by du Sautoy, McDermott and Smith. It is

$$\zeta_{\mathbf{p3}}^{\lhd}(s) = 1 + 3 \cdot 3^{-s} + 3^{-s}\zeta(s)L(s,\chi_3).$$

3 Abscissa of convergence and order of pole

The abscissa of convergence of $\zeta_{\mathbf{p3}}^{\lhd}(s)$ is 1, with a simple pole at s=1. Since this group is a finite extension of a free abelian group, its zeta function has meromorphic continuation to \mathbb{C} .